#### § 575.9

school in which the minor is enrolled, and the number of hours worked each day and each week of the designated period. Each employer required to maintain records under this part shall preserve them for a period of at least 2 years.

(j) A waiver shall be effective for the period designated therein with no provision for amendment

[43 FR 26562, June 21, 1978; 43 FR 28471, June 30, 1978]

## § 575.9 Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the waiver.

If the employer or group of employers granted a waiver pursuant to section 13(c)(4) of the Act and this part do not comply with the terms and conditions set forth in the waiver and this part, the waiver shall be null and void and the employer or group of employers will be subject to civil money penalties under section 16(e) of the Act.

# PART 578—MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME VIOLATIONS—CIVIL MONEY PENALTIES

Sec.

578.1 Purpose and scope

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578.3 Violations for which penalty may be assessed

578.4 Determination of penalty

AUTHORITY: Sec. 9, Pub. L. 101–157, 103 Stat. 938, sec. 3103, Pub. L. 101–508, 104 Stat. 1388–29 (29 U.S.C. 216(e)).

Source: 57 FR 49129, Oct. 29, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

### §578.1 Purpose and scope.

Section 9 of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1989 amended section 16(e) of the Act to subject any person who repeatedly or willfully violates section 6 or section 7 of the Act to a civil money penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each such violation. This part defines terms necessary for administration of the civil money penalty provisions, describes the violations for which a penalty may be imposed, and describes criteria for determining the amount of penalty to be assessed. The procedural requirements for assessment and contest of such penalties are set forth in 29 CFR part 580.

#### § 578.2 Definitions.

- (a) Act means the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1060 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.));
- (b) Administrator means the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and includes any official of the Wage and Hour Division who is authorized by the Administrator to perform any of the functions of the Administrator under this part.
- (c) *Person* includes any individual, partnership, corporation, association, business trust, legal representative, or organized group of persons.

## § 578.3 Violations for which penalty may be assessed.

- (a) A penalty of up to \$1,000 per violation may be assessed against any person who repeatedly or willfully violates section 6 (minimum wage) or section 7 (overtime) of the Act. The amount of the penalty shall be determined by application of the criteria in §578.4.
- (b) Repeated violations. An employer's violation of section 6 or section 7 of the Act shall be deemed to be "repeated" for purposes of this section:
- (1) Where the employer has previously violated section 6 or 7 of the Act, provided the employer has previously received notice, through a responsible official of the Wage and Hour Division or otherwise authoritatively, that the employer allegedly was in violation of the provisions of the Act; or
- (2) Where a court or other tribunal has made a finding that an employer has previously violated section 6 or 7 of the Act, unless an appeal therefrom which has been timely filed is pending before a court or other tribunal with jurisdiction to hear the appeal, or unless the finding has been set aside or reversed by such appellate tribunal.
- (c) Willful violations. (1) An employer's violation of section 6 or section 7 of the Act shall be deemed to be "willful" for purposes of this section where the employer knew that its conduct was prohibited by the Act or showed reckless disregard for the requirements of the Act. All of the facts and circumstances surrounding the violation shall be taken into account in determining whether a violation was willful.